

Development and validation of modules improving self-awareness excellent services of academic staff

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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to increase self-awareness of education personnel and help them offer excellent service to students in the university. It aims to: (1) describe the module design to increase self-awareness of excellent service for education personnel (2) perform module validation tests and (3) conduct module reliability tests. The study used the Research and Development (R&D) method. It was descriptive and involved four experts and 12 education staff at Universitas Negeri Padang as the subjects. The instruments used include (1) Validity Testing Instruments Module Contents (2) Ifdil & Taufik Self-Awareness Inventory and (3) Module Instruments. The results show that Self-Awareness Improvement Module for Excellent Services Education Personnel can be accepted and be used in self-awareness programs for the staff.

Keywords: Modul, self-awareness, excellent services, education personnel

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Introduction

Education personnel refers to members of the community devoted and appointed to support the implementation of education (Lestari, 2011; Mamulati, Triyuwono, & Mulawarman, 2016; Ningrum, 2016; Rahman, 2010; Sholeh, 2013). They are responsible for carrying out administration, management, development, supervision and technical services to support the education process in education units (Danumiharja, 2014; R. Septiana, 2013; Susongko, 2016). Education personnel has an important role in the proper implementation of the education process. To effectively achieve this objective, they need emotional intelligence. Generally, emotional intelligence impacts work commitment and have the potential to improve the work performance of education personnel (Efendi, 2013; Supriyanto & Troena, 2012; Yudhaningsih, 2011).

Self-awareness is an aspect of emotional intelligence and people with this ability recognizes their emotions (Daud, 2012; Yuniiani & Pamudji, 2010). However, it is not easy to determine whether someone has self-awareness. The ability to monitor feelings regularly is important for psychology and self-understanding in work or education personnel (Rahmasari, 2016). Self-awareness is the ability to know what you feel inside and use it to guide your decision making, have realistic benchmarks for abilities and strong self-confidence (Gipps, 2002). A person can understand the various potentials in him regarding the strengths they have and their weaknesses (Nguyen et al., 2016).

People with high self-awareness 1) understand their strengths, weaknesses, values, and motives; 2) measure mood and understand how it affects others, 3) receive feedback from others on how to improve; 4) able to work even under uncertainty; 5) show a sense of humor; 6) understand various factors that make them liked; and 7) use pressure on members of the organization (Chow, 2019; Xu & Chan, 2017). Therefore, individuals with high self-awareness have strengths and weaknesses.

Self-awareness is nothing more than a perception of the inner mental state of the subject. Based on the timeframe, there are three levels of self-awareness. The first one arises after the release of emotion (Rifani, 2016). The second one arises when we feel something emotionally while the third one comes before we do anything (Prastika, 2016). To reach a stage of self-awareness, people need experience and social interaction (Rusuliana, 2015; N. Z. Septiana, 2016). A person can express thoughts, feelings, ideas, or resentment to others to receive attention or feedback.

Self-awareness is very important in improving service quality. According to (Taufik, Ifdil, & Netrawati, 2017), officers with self-awareness tend to improve the quality of service as indicated by the customers' satisfaction. Service quality improvement can be achieved in case there is an employee's self-awareness of the services provided. However, the same study indicated that only 28.7% of respondents had high self-awareness. For this reason, this study carried out the development and validation of the module to increase self-awareness excellent service of education personnel. This module could be used as one of the guidelines for education personnel to train themselves and increase self-awareness.

Method

This study was conducted using a development research design in education (Anderson & Shattuck, 2012; Buchori et al., 2017; Richey & Klein, 2014). Research and Development (R&D) method was used (Day, Fleenor, Atwater, Sturm, & McKee, 2014; McDonough & McDonough, 2014; Mead, 2017; Richey & Klein, 2014). This study specifically aims to (1) describe the module design to increase self-awareness of the prime service of teaching staff (2) conduct a module validation test and (3) carry out a module reliability test. To validate the contents of the module, four experts were selected, and to test the validity and reliability of items, individual experiments were carried out on 12 education staff at Padang State University. The instruments used include (1) Instrument Content Validity Test Instrument (2) Ifdil & Taufik Self Awareness Inventory and (3) Instrument Reliability Module. Data were analyzed by the Wilcoxon Test. The results showed the Self Awareness Improvement Module for the Best Service Education Personnel was acceptable and could be used in self-awareness programs for education staff in service provision. Analysis of the data used is descriptive, to illustrate the feasibility of the module according to the expert.

Result and Discussion

Self-awareness module design

This is the structure used to make guidance for facilitators to use and improve their knowledge, competencies, and skills in carrying out exercises that improve and optimize the self-awareness of education personnel. This module discusses aspects that need to be improved, including procedures and efforts to develop skills, increase knowledge and advanced training. It can be used by facilitators to develop and improve participants' insights and knowledge and skills to have self-awareness and offer excellent services. All the necessary materials are contained in this module with 7 items and 23 activities.

Coaching Module Improvement of self-awareness Excellent Service Educational Staff comprises seven sub-modules. This includes Self Awareness, Belief on Self Ability, Optimistic, Aim, Responsible, Rational and Realistic, and Skill. Each of the seven sub-modules has objectives and activities along with the steps to be followed. This includes;

Stage 1: self awareness

Self Awareness is a module that emphasizes individual understanding of the aspects possessed, such as selfhood, knowledge, and skills to be optimized to provide an excellent service for education personnel.

Stage 2: Confidence in Yourself

Self-confidence is related to self-efficacy, which means an individual's subjective beliefs to be able to overcome various problems or tasks and carry out activities oriented towards achieving the desired goals (Rustanto, 2017).

Table 1. Module Items

Name of Activity	Objective	Time
Knowing Self Awareness	Increasing self-awareness of education personnel to optimize work	60 minutes
Excellent Service Concept	Increase self-awareness of education personnel to provide excellent service	60 minutes
Ikhlas work	Increasing sincerity in education personnel in daily life and specifically working	60 minutes
Who am I	Improve the skills of participants to increase self-awareness	60 minutes
Tips to Become an Attractive Person	Improve the skills of participants to increase self-awareness	60 minutes
Become a Beneficial Person	Improve the skills of participants to increase self-awareness	60 minutes
Working is Worship	Increase self-awareness of education personnel	60 minutes
I can do it	Increase self-awareness of education personnel	60 minutes
Positive thinking	Increase optimism of education staff with positive thinking	60 minutes
Work Reflects Me! I Reflected Work Results!	Improve the skills of educators to do work as a form of identity	60 minutes
Work sincerely, work smart	Improve the skills of education personnel to understand and implement honesty and work smart	60 minutes
Change or Die?	Improve participants' skills to arouse confidence to work well	60 minutes
Impossible is Nothing	Improving participants' skills to analyze conditions in work and think nothing is impossible to spur good performance in work	60 minutes
Primaku Service	Improve the skills of participants to work with excellent service to increase performance and professionalism	60 minutes
Soul Art Serving	Improve participants' skills related to art in serving as educators	60 minutes
Let's open	Increase self-awareness of education personnel to be objective in an open way to work	60 minutes
Stop Gratification, Corruption, Collusion, and Nepotism	Increasing self-awareness of education personnel to be more objective by avoiding acts of gratuity, corruption, collusion, and nepotism in work	60 minutes
Totality	Increase self-awareness of education personnel to be more objective by building attitudes of totality in work	60 minutes
Money is not everything	Increase self-awareness on the basis and responsibilities of work and not for money alone	60 minutes
Helps That Worship	Increase self-awareness for the need for sincerity and altruism in work	60 minutes
Risk of Part of Work	Increase self-awareness that every job has certain risk consequences that need to be understood	60 minutes
Stop Complain	Increase participants' understanding of stopping complaints	60 minutes
Serving is beautiful	Improve the skills of participants in serving	60 minutes
ACT	Improve the skills of participants related to ACT	60 minutes
Miracle Words	Boost participants' skills in using miracle words	60 minutes
Look at me	Improve participants' skills in attracting positive attention	60 minutes
Smile Exercise	Enhance the skills of participants in smiling	60 minutes
3M	Increase participants' understanding of 3M	60 minutes
Soft Skill	Improve and develop soft skills so that	60 minutes

	participants can take on the role of a professional reliable in technical matters and very skillful in dealing with others	
Eye contact	Improve and understand the language conveyed by others through eye contact	60 minutes

Stage 3: Optimistic

Optimism is a module that emphasizes the belief in everything in terms of good and pleasant and always has positive expectations in everything that provides service.

Stage 4: Objective

The objective is a module that emphasizes a person's positive attitude in dealing with a situation. Objective attitudes can be seen from one's habits in expressing things as they are without personal feelings (Anwar, 2009).

Stage 5: Responsible

Responsible is a module that emphasizes the development of individual attitudes and characters to bear compensation and risk from each step or decision taken.

Stage 6: Rational and Realistic

This module emphasizes being rational and realistic. Based on KBBI, rational means according to the mind and logical considerations; a healthy mind; and fit with reason. Rational involves making consistent choices and maximizing values within certain limits while real means natural (Pricila, Ulfah, & Basri, 2013).

Stage 7: Skill

This module emphasizes skills. These are abilities and knowledge possessed or gained by a person to do a particular job or task (Motowidlo & Kell, 2012; Robles, 2012). Learning skills requires practice and is always associated with psychomotor humans. It is impossible to learn a skill just by listening to someone talking, seeing a demonstration, or just reading a book without practicing (Elnaga & Imran, 2013).

Validity Test Module Improvement of self-awareness Excellent Service of Education Personnel

Expert Test Module Increasing self-awareness Excellent Service Educational Staff

Product revision is carried out based on the results of the module feasibility test by experts. Data on the results of the feasibility test are compiled based on an assessment questionnaire filled by four experts. Data collection for the feasibility stage was carried out on February 6, 2017, until February 8, 2017. The results of the expert evaluation of all aspects of the instrument were collected and used as a reference in revising the products compiled. This made the formulation of modules suitable for use by the facilitators.

Table 2 presented the results of the expert feasibility test about the assessment of the Self-awareness Improvement Module Excellent Service of Education Personnel.

Table 2. Feasibility Test Results of Product Content by Experts

No	Experts	Score	Percentage	Expert Opinion
1	First Expert	23	92	Be accepted
2	Second Expert	22	88	Be accepted
3	Third Expert	22	88	Be accepted
4	Fourth Expert	20	80	Be accepted
	Total		87	Be accepted

Based on Table 2, the module has high content feasibility since the four experts gave a positive response with an average of 87%. Therefore, the module constructs can be used by facilitators to increase self-awareness of the excellent service of education personnel.

The validity of the constants was calculated using the formula

$$\frac{\text{Expert total score}}{\text{total (25)}} \times 100 = \text{Content validity}$$

The results of calculations based on the measured aspects are shown in table 3.

Table 3. Results of The Feasibility Test of Product Content by Experts Based on Content

No	Statement	Agreement					Total	Judgment
		A.I%	A.II%	A.III%	A.IV			
1.	Fill in the module according to the target population	100	100	100	80	95	Be accepted	
2.	The module contents can be implemented well later	80	80	80	80	80	Be accepted	
3.	Fill in the module according to the time allocated	100	80	80	80	85	Be accepted	
4.	The contents of the module can be used as information material to improve the self-awareness of the excellent service of education personnel	80	100	80	80	85	Be accepted	
5.	The contents of the module can be used to help education personnel provide excellent services to the targets.	100	80	100	80	90	Be accepted	
	Total	92	88	88	80	87	Be accepted	

Based on the results of the calculations in Table 3, the average level of approval in item 1 shows that the design module increased self-awareness of excellent service educational staff. It is at a level feasible to be used by facilitators to increase trust, knowledge, and skills in offering excellent service by education personnel. The average level of approval in item 2 is considered feasible to be used by facilitators. The average level of approval in item 3 shows the module has been designed under the time required, which is feasible.

In item 4, the contents of the module information material increase the trust, knowledge, and skills of participants in conducting counseling services. Education staff services are 85% and therefore the module is approaching a feasible category. It can be used as information material to increase participants' trust, knowledge, and skills in conducting educational service counseling. The average level of approval in item 5 shows the module is suitable for use to increase the participants' trust, knowledge, and skills in conducting educational counseling services.

The expert's assessment of the product developed reached 87%, showing it is in a workable assessment category. An open questionnaire provided data in the form of comments and suggestions from the four experts on the product developed. The four experts provide positive comments and suggestions, and therefore the research product is a Self-Awareness Improvement Module of Excellent Services Education Personnel tested and content-worthy.

Based on the results of the data at the feasibility test stage, the product was revised. Product revision activities aim to make improvements to improve the modules prepared based on the input from experts. The input is presented as (1) pay attention and check the writing of the material with correct and standard written procedures, (2) focus on the synchronization of contents (3) check systematics, plagiarism, writing/language, and EYD, (4) pay attention to writing synchronization, and (5) pay attention to the module steps.

The module is made as an improvement to be implemented at the usage test stage for the facilitator to see the use of the product. The research product produced in this study is the Self-Awareness Improvement Module of Excellent Services for Education Personnel. The results show that the modules compiled by experts have reached the feasible criteria. This is evidenced by the average value of the entire

product of 87% which is in a decent category. The feasibility values provided by these experts are based on objectivity to the contents of the module.

According to the results of the feasibility test, the module developed has fulfilled one of the necessary characteristics, which is self-contained. This means that all the required learning material is contained in the module, providing an opportunity to thoroughly comprehend the material packed into an intact unity (Edaran, SMK, Kurikulum, & Kejuruan, 2015). Furthermore, in the implementation aspect of the module developed, the facilitator can be operationalized. Education personnel might utilize the developed modules, and this is in line with the characteristics of the module that needs to meet the rules of user-friendliness (Edaran, et al., 2015).

Every instruction and information exposure appears helpful and friendly to the user, including the ease of responding and access as desired. The use of simple and easy to understand language, and commonly used terms is one of the user-friendly forms. Additionally, the assessment provided by experts related to several aspects, including the usefulness, contents, and objectives of the modules, the use of language, and the material presented show the assessment is above the feasibility standard. This shows that the Self-Awareness Improvement Module of Excellent Services Education Personnel deserves to be utilized.

Pre Results Analysis and Post Module Trial test

Identification of participants' self-awareness before and after the module training provides excellent service to education personnel. The determination of differences before and after the training was carried out using Wilcoxon's Signed Rank Test statistical analysis technique through the SPSS version 20.00 computer program. The results obtained show Sig. (2- tailed) skill level of participants in providing excellent service of education staff before and after attending the training was 0.002 or probability below alpha .05 (.002 <.05). Therefore, there are significant differences in the participants' self-awareness before (pretest) and after (posttest) training. Table 4 shows the direction of the difference, whether a pretest or a higher posttest.

Table 4. Directions for Differences in Pretest And Posttest Competence of Education Personnel Before and After Attending The Self-Awareness Improvement Module of Excellent Services Education Personnel training.

Ranks				
		N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
After-Before	Negative Ranks	0 ^a	,00	,00
	Positive Ranks	12 ^b	6,50	78,00
	Ties	0 ^c		
	Total	12		
a.	Self-awareness and skill level of participants after the training <self-awareness and skill level of participants before the training			
b.	Self-awareness and skill level of participants after the training > self-awareness and skill level of participants before the training			
c.	Self-awareness and skill level of participants after the training = self-awareness and skill level of participants before the training			

From table 4, the Positive Range shows the number 12b, meaning that all the 12 participants have higher competency after the training. Based on the results of the statistical test analysis using the Wilcoxon Sig Rank Test, there are significant differences in self-awareness between the results of before and after the module training. This means that the participants' self-awareness and skills related to the excellent service of education personnel have increased after participating in the training. Therefore, the module has been successful in increasing self-awareness of the excellent service of education personnel.

Conclusion

This study concludes that the self-awareness improvement design module tested has worthy of content. Furthermore, the results of the Self-Awareness Improvement Module superior service from

education personnel can be used for self-awareness, knowledge, and skills of Participants to provide excellent education services. The results of the feasibility test show that the module developed has fulfilled several characteristics. Also, the results of the experiment show that the self-awareness and skills of the participants related to the excellent service of the teaching staff increased after the training. This research recommends further testing of the effectiveness of the module for better results.

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